# DISASTER DISPLACEMENT ASSESSMENT NEEDS AND CHALLENGES OF LONG-TERM DISPLACED HOUSEHOLDS

# KOYRA, KHULNA BANGLADESH

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#### Disclaimer

This report is part of the outputs under the USAID Bureau of Humanitarian Assistance funded project "Strengthening National Level Coordination and Collaboration for more effective Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) Interventions in Bangladesh".

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# INTRODUCTION

The sub-district of Koyra, within the district of Khulna, is often faced with cyclones, storm surges and other climatic stressors. Cyclone Aila in 2009, for example, caused extensive displacement in the region due to the storm surge and long-term flooding that accompanied it with over 175,000 homes being destroyed1 leading to displacement of people in the area. Fourteen years on from Aila, further cases of internal displacement due to various hazard events have taken place, such as Amphan in 2020. There is limited information available on people who have been displaced due disaster in this area and their key needs and vulnerabilities.

This assessment was undertaken by IOM under the overall leadership of the Displacement Management Cluster (DMC)<sup>2</sup>, with the support of USAID's Bureau of Humanitarian Assistance (BHA) to identify the locations, needs, and challenges of households which were displaced due to various disasters.

# SUMMARY OF KEY FINDINGS

Disaster displaced households at Koyra can be categorized into two groups – those who currently have ownership of their homes or land where they reside and those without – however both require support to achieve durable solutions.

The key needs ranked by displaced people who are currently living in emergency or temporary housing were shelter, sanitation and health. For those living in owned or rented housing, the key needs were sanitation, shelter and water.

**3.** access to safety net programmes after displacement.

Improved shelters, latrines and access to clean drinking water were highlighted by households that had been displaced.

Seventy-five per cent households living in owned and rented shelters and eighty-six per cent households residing in emergency

and temporary shelters responded that there has been a major negative change in livelihood opportunities following displacement, primarily due to loss of productive assets.

Seventy-nine per cent of the displaced families responded that they are in need of capacity building in order to improve their livelihood conditions.

Fifty-five per cent of the displaced families mentioned that they did not receive support following displacement, which includes cash or in-kind support to help manage the effects of displacement.

Majority of the displaced population feel **8.** unsafe while using toilets and bathing spaces.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Reuters, May 27, 2009 – "Millions displaced by cyclone in India, Bangladesh"

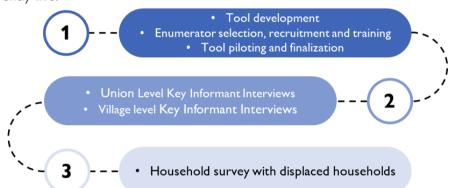
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The DMC is led by the Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief (MoDMR) and co-led by IOM.

## METHODOLOGY AND DATA COLLECTION

The methodology was developed based on IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) methodology and was customized according to the context in Bangladesh. The study design included a primary snapshot of the number of total displaced households and their locations collected from key informant interviews (KIIs) at the union and village levels followed by an in-depth household survey conducted with a representative sample. Structured questionnaires were developed and piloted at the Union, Village and Household levels to include different perspectives and ensure that a holistic representation of long-term displacement could be deduced. 126 Village Primary data collection took place between June-August 2023.

Experienced enumerators were selected and trained on the tools and data collection methodology. Enumerators commenced with the union level key informant interviews, targeting elected local government representatives such as Union Parishad Chairpersons or members of the Union Parishad where possible. The union level representatives were asked about the existence and location of people who were displaced due to disasters in their particular union.

Following the union level KIIs, all villages in the upazila were visited and village level KIIs were conducted with community representatives in order to substantiate the information received from the Union Parishad. Following this, a household level survey was conducted with a representative number of disaster displaced households in every village where people who were displaced due to disaster currently live.



During the course of the study, it became evident that displaced people identified by the Union officials and Village representatives during the KIIs can be divided roughly into two categories:

- 1) People who live in Owned and Rented Housing-People who own the land/house they are currently living on or are living in rented accommodations (and are able to pay rent)
- 2) People who live in Emergency and Temporary Housing- People who are in temporary housing (currently living in makeshift housing on government owned or private land of which they do not have legal ownership of, or in informal settlements or living with relatives, friends or family).

The study included questions regarding the displaced population's causes of displacement, their needs and challenges related to livelihood, WASH, protection and security. Access to services and support and their intentions to return were also explored.

7 Union Level

KIIs

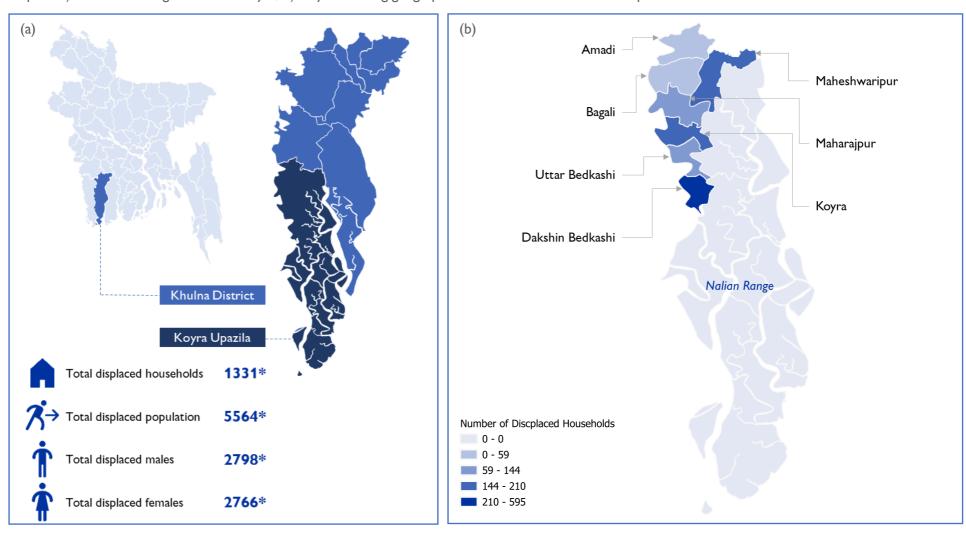
210 Household

Surveys

Level KII

# **ASSESSED LOCATIONS – DISASTER DISPLACEMENT MAP AND OVERVIEW**

Maps of a) Khulna showing location of Koyra, b) Koyra showing geographic distribution of households displaced due to disaster.

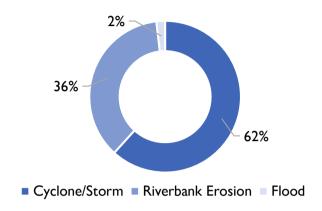


<sup>\*</sup>The figures are an estimate based on the KIIs conducted at the Union level and Village level. A minimum of two KIIs were conducted at the village level and the higher number considered. Disclaimer: The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

# **SURVEY FINDINGS**

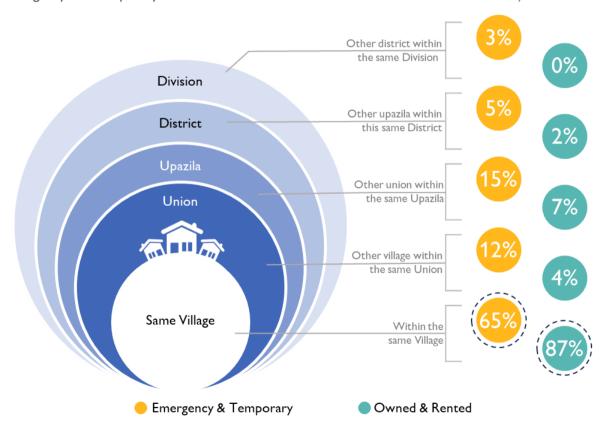
# **CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT**

# MAJOR DISASTER EVENT(S) LEADING TO THE DISPLACEMENT



# **DESTINATION**

Majority of the displaced households were displaced within the same village (87% households with emergency and temporary shelter and 65% households with owned and rented shelter).



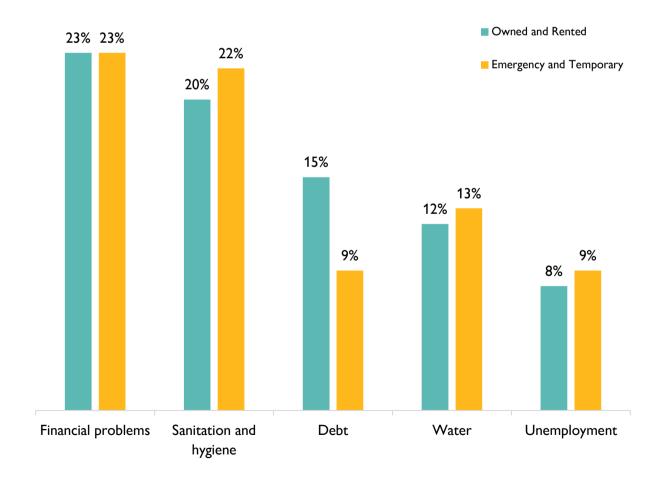
# TOP 5 CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT AT PLACE OF ORIGIN

Owned & Rent	İ	Causes of Displacement	Emerge	ency & Temporary
44%	Destroyed	shelter due to disaster/specific climatic ever	nts	43%
29%	Loss of live	elihood: equipment, livestock, fishing boat, n	et	32%
17%		Destroyed agricultural land		13%
9%		Poverty and landlessness		9%
1%	Unsar	nitary conditions, polluted drinking water		2%

# **OVERALL NEEDS AND CHALLENGES**

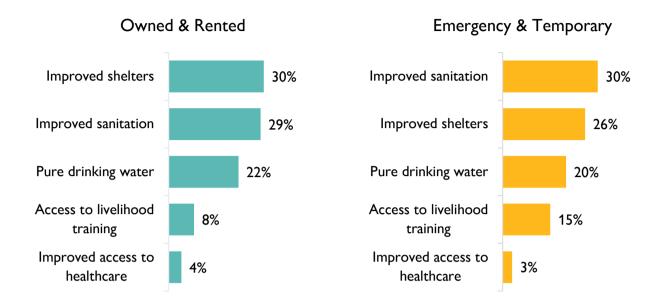
# KEY CHALLENGES FACED SINCE DISPLACEMENT

The following are the top five key challenges faced by households displaced due to disaster after displacement.



# **KEY NEEDS**

When asked to specify their needs further, the disaster displaced households mentioned the following.



#### **NEEDS RANKING**

Disaster displaced households were asked to rate their top needs according to priority. Their answers are summarized below, on a scale of One to Five, with Five being the highest need. Those in emergency and temporary shelters showed a greater need for shelter, water, and sanitation.

**Owned & Rented** 

**Emergency & Temporary** 

Sanitation	Shelter Support
Shelter Support	Sanitation
Water	Health
Health	Water
Food	Food
NFI (Non-Food Items)	NFI (Non-Food Items)
Protection (for an example support for elderly people, pregnant & lactating mother etc.)	Protection (for an example support for elderly people, pregnant & lactating mother etc.)

## Legend

<=2.0 2.1-2.5	2.6-3.0	3.1-3.5	>3.5
---------------	---------	---------	------

## **LIVELIHOOD**

Overall, 75 per cent of households with owned and rented shelter and 86 per cent households with emergency and temporary shelter responded that there has been a major change in livelihood opportunities following displacement, with opportunities being negatively impacted primarily due to the loss of productive assets.

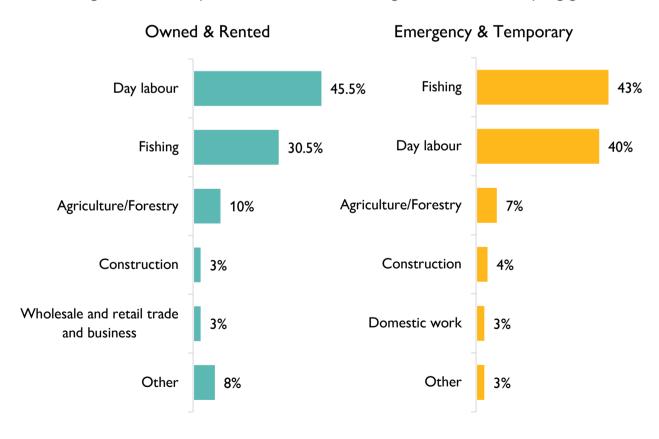
# **AVERAGE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE**

	Owned & Rented  Previous Current		Emergency & Temporary	
			Previous	Current
Average Income (BDT/month)	7,525	8,500	7,244	7,411
Average Expenditure (BDT/month)	6,692	8,467	5,911	7,533

Average income and expenditure are stated as Bangladeshi Taka per month.

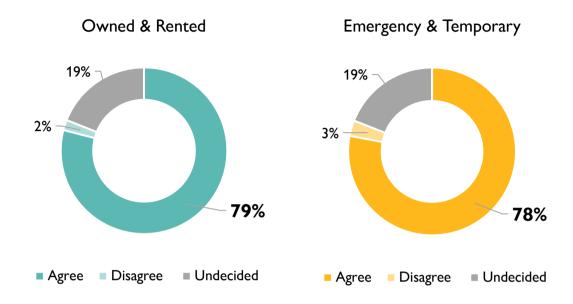
# MAJOR EMPLOYMENT SECTORS OF DISPLACED HOUSEHOLDS

The following table shows the professions that the main earning members are currently engaged in.

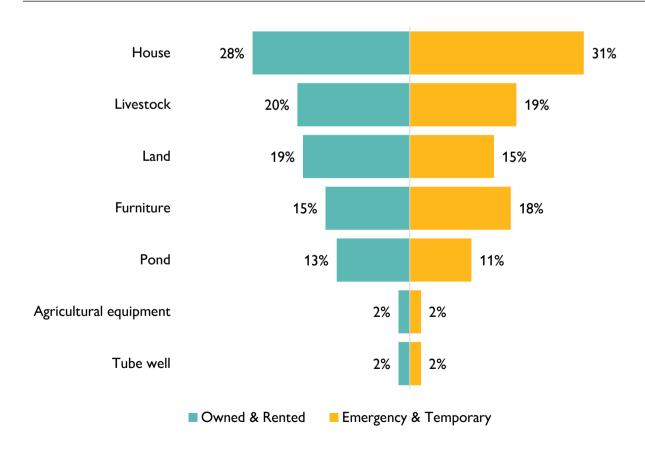


# **NEED FOR CAPACITY BUILDING**

Seventy-nine per cent of displaced households living in owned and rented shelters and seventy-eight per cent of households living in emergency and temporary households responded that they are in need of capacity building in order to improve their livelihood conditions.

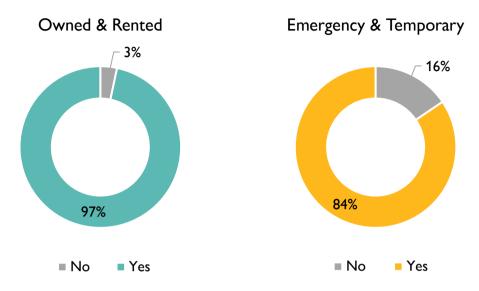


# ASSETS LOST DUE TO DISPLACEMENT



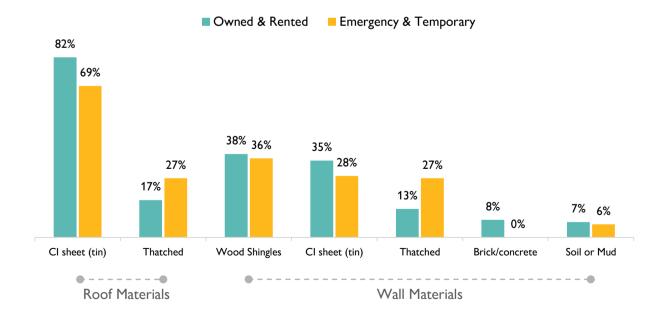
#### **ACCESS TO ELECTRICITY**

Three per cent households in owned and rented shelters and sixteen per cent living in emergency and temporary shelters do not have access to electricity.



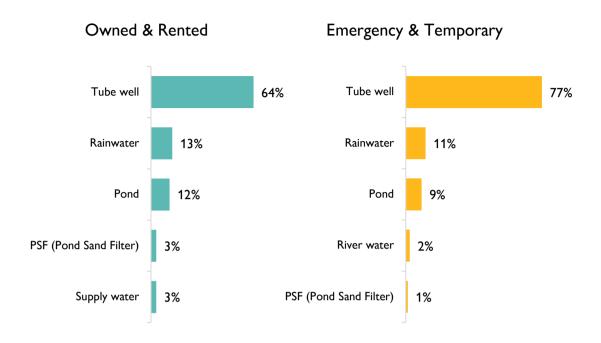
# MAIN CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL OF ROOF AND WALLS

Walls of emergency and temporary shelters are mostly (36%) made of wood, followed by corrugated iron (CI) sheets (28%). Most owned and rented homes had walls made of wood (38%) and CI sheets (35%). CI sheets were the most commonly used material for roofing both for owned and rented shelter households (88%), and emergency and temporary shelter households (69%). It was notable that emergency and temporary households used thatching (27%) for their roofing material.



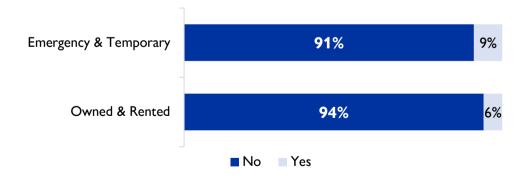
## **WASH**

#### MAIN SOURCES OF DRINKING WATER



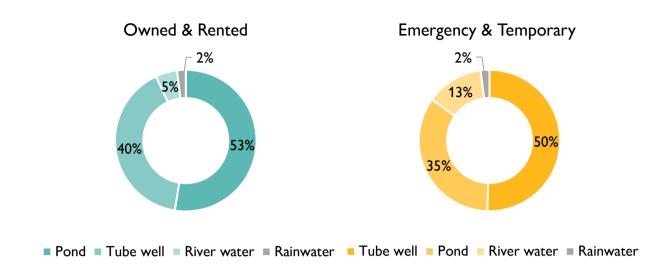
#### WATER PURIFICATION

It was notable that on average 94 per cent households do not purify their drinking water before drinking with the reasons for not purifying drinking water varied. Of those living in owned and rented shelters, 88% responded that the water is clean enough and 11% responded that they cannot afford to purify. Of those living in emergency and temporary shelters, 82% responded that the water is clean enough and 18% responded that they cannot afford to purify.

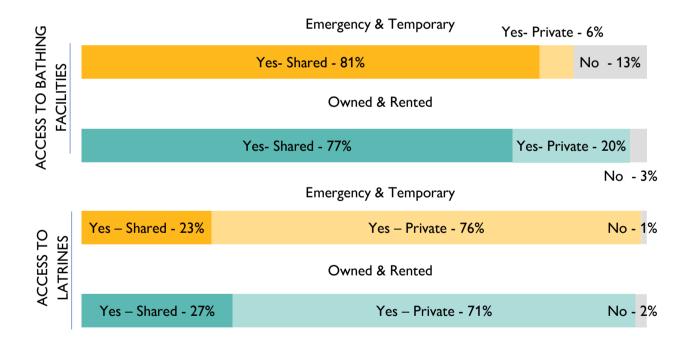


No disaster displaced households living in emergency and temporary shelters said that they had to pay for drinking water monthly. On the other hand, 6% owned and rented shelter households pay an average of BDT 571 monthly for drinking water.

# SOURCES OF WATER USED FOR OTHER PURPOSES (BATHING, WASHING CLOTHES, ETC.)



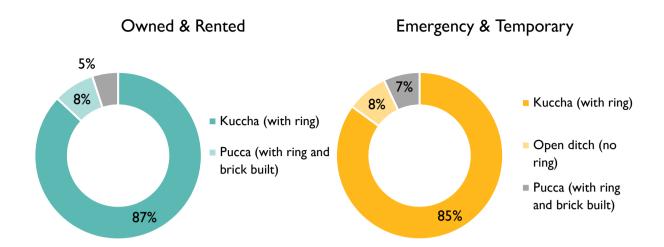
#### ACCESS TO BATHING FACILITIES AND LATRINES



# **BATHING FACILITY TYPES**

It was found that those who had access to shared bathing areas mostly used ponds (owned and rented, 57%; emergency and temporary 41%), rivers (owned and rented, 33%; emergency and temporary 42%), and tube wells (owned and rented, 9%; emergency and temporary 17%).

#### **LATRINE TYPES**

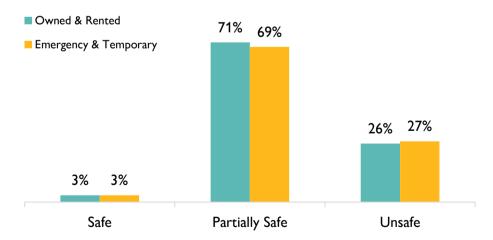


# **PROTECTION AND SECURITY**

## SENSE OF SECURITY FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Sixty-nine per cent of emergency and temporary shelter households perceive the safety for women and children to be partially safe to safe, with twenty-seven per cent considering the area to be unsafe. Comparatively, it was found that those who are in owned or rented shelters consider the sense of security to be marginally better.

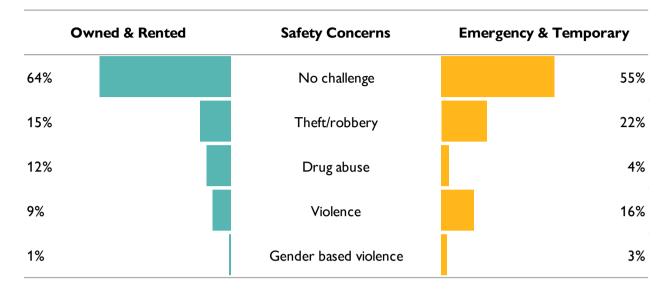
It was found that none of the latrines and bathing facilities used by HHs in emergency and temporary shelters were segregated for men and women. Bathing areas were seldom attached to households and were often located away from the compounds. No bathing facilities or latrines had doors with locks.



Displaced households on average reported feeling a low sense of security when bathing or when using the latrine facilities. It was noted that those in emergency and temporary houses considered WASH facilities to be more unsafe.

# CHALLENGES IN TERMS OF SAFETY AND SECURITY

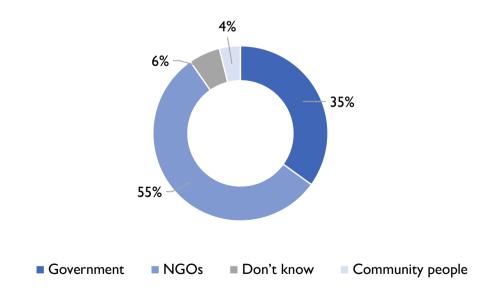
Regarding safety and overall security concerns, the following was related by the disaster displaced households.



# **ACCESS TO SERVICES AND SUPPORT**

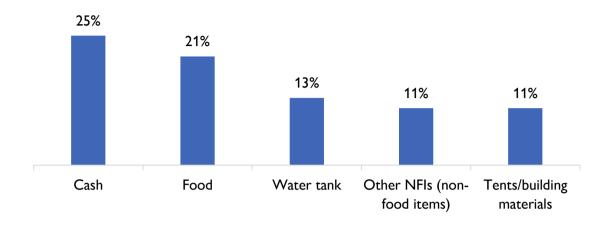
# SOURCES OF SUPPORT RECEIVED

More than half of the total displaced households that were surveyed (n=210) reported not receiving support either in cash or in kind after becoming displaced. Among those that received support, 55% reported that they received support from NGOs and 35% from the government.



#### TOP 5 TYPES OF SUPPORT RECEIVED

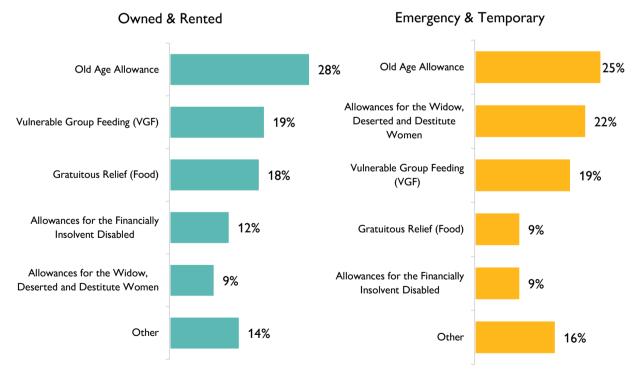
Households that received support reported the following:



On average, those that received cash reported receiving on average around BDT **13,382** (owned and rented) and BDT **12,523** (emergency and temporary) after becoming displaced.

# **SAFETY NET PROGRAMMES**

Forty-four per cent households in owned and rented shelters and thirty-two per cent households in emergency and temporary shelters said that they are part of safety net programmes in their current location.



Among them, it was reported by four per cent of living in owned and rented shelters and fifteen per cent of emergency and temporary shelters that they had lost access to social safety net programmes after becoming displaced- with Vulnerable Group Feeding (VGF) and old age allowance being the most common programmes that were not accessible.

# Intentions to Return

It was found that the majority of disaster displaced households wish to stay at the same location, even those in emergency and temporary housing. The main reasons for this were that there are no assets (48%), no family or connections (51%) and no employment opportunities (1%) left in the place of origin.

# CONCLUSION

Although it was assumed displaced population who are currently living in a house/land that they own or have the ability to pay their rent will not be in need of interventions, the study revealed that they believe they have not reached durable solutions and as such, they require humanitarian and developmental assistance. It was found that the effects of displacement are long-lasting and targeted interventions are required in order to support them achieve durable solutions, in particular with WASH, shelter and livelihood.

# **ANNEX - I**

# **UNION LEVEL KII**

# Union Level KII

A. Enumerator Details			
Al. Date of Assessment	A2. Name of	A2.1:	A2.2.
(dd/mm/yy)	Enumerator		
		A3.1	A3.2
	A3. Sex of	OMale O Female O	OMale O Female O Other
	Enumerator	Other	

B. UNION DESCRIPTION			
BI. District Name			
<sup>B2.</sup> Upazila Name			
<sup>B3.</sup> Union Name			
B4. Information of the Key Informar	nts		
Name	Sex	Occupation	Phone Number
	OMale O Female O Other		
	OMale O Female O Other		
	OMale O Female O Other		
	I. Elected Union Parishad Ch	airman	
Occupations	2. Union Parishad Secretary		
Gecapations	3. Elected Union Parishad Me	mbor	
		illiber	
	4. Other		

C. INFORMATION ABOUT DISPLAC	ED POPULATION		
CI. Are there any disaster induced displaced	o Yes (Go to C2)		
people in this union?	<ul> <li>No (End survey)</li> </ul>		
<sup>C2</sup> . How many displaced households are	<u>Total</u>	Resilient (Old)	Vulnerable (New)
there in this union? After AILA	#	#	#
c3. How many individuals are displaced in your union? (Estimated)	C3a. Total number of displa C3b. Total MALE individuals C3c. Total FEMALE individu	s:	
C4. How many villages host disaster induced displaced people in your union?	Number of villages:		

<sup>C5.</sup> Where do they live in this union (please	Name of the villages where the displaced people live:
mention the village name)?	
C6. How many people from other unions	
are living in this union due to displacement	Number:
from natural disasters?	
<sup>C7.</sup> How many people have left this union	
and are living in other unions due to	Number:
displacement from natural disasters?	
C9 \A/L-4 4L	☐ Cyclone/Storm
cs. What are the major causes of internal displacement in your union? (Multiple	☐ Flood ☐ Riverbank Erosion
Answer)	☐ Land Slide
Allsweij	☐ Earthquake
	☐ Flash Flood
	☐ Salinity intrusion
	☐ Waterlogging due to previous disasters
	Other, please specify
	☐ Safety and Security
<sup>C9.</sup> How do you think barriers to durable	☐ Adequate standard of living (means have access to essential food
solutions can be overcome?	and potable water, basic shelter and housing, sanitation facilities, at
	least a primary school education for children)
	☐ Access to livelihoods
	Restoration of housing land and property
	☐ Access to documentation (for example - obtain necessary
	documents like National ID card, birth certificate, etc. who lost
	their documents during the course of displacement)
	☐ Family reunification (i.e. the opportunity to reunite with family members from whom they were separated by displacement)
	Participation in public affairs
	□ Access to effective remedies and justice
	Other, please specify
Remarks	Other, please speeily
TOTAL NO	

# **ANNEX - II**

# **VILLAGE LEVEL KII**

# **Disaster Displacement Mapping - Village Level KII**

A. Enumerator Details			
Al. Date of Assessment (dd/mm/yy)	A2. Name of Enumerator	A2.1;	A2.2.
	A3. Sex of Enumerator	A3.1 OMale O Female O Other	A3.2 OMale O Female O Other

	·	·	
B. VILLAGE DESCRIPTION			
BI. District Name			
<sup>B2.</sup> Upazila Name			
B3. Union Name			
<sup>B4.</sup> Ward number			
B5. Mouza Name			
<sup>B6.</sup> Village Name			
B7. Information of the Key Informants	÷		7
Name	Sex	Occupation	Phone Number
1.	OMale O Female O Other		
2.	OMale O Female O Other		
3.	OMale O Female O Other		
4.	OMale O Female O Other		
5.	OMale O Female O Other		
6.	OMale O Female O Other		
7.	OMale O Female O Other		
Occupation  1. Elected Union Parishad Representative 2. Representative Humanitarian/Social Organization/NGO 3. Community/Tribal Representative 4. Representative of Displaced Groups 5. Representatives of Educational Institutes 7. Representatives of Health Institutes 8. Other			

CI. How many households are	Total	Vulnerable	Vulnerable (New)		Resilient (Old)	
displaced in this village?						
<sup>C2.</sup> How many peoples are displaced in this village?	Total	Total V	'ulnerable	Total I	Resilient	
		Male	Female	Male	female	
<sup>C3.</sup> Where do the majority of internally displaced people take shelter?	<ul> <li>Individual household</li> <li>In a group (with IDP community</li> <li>In a group (with hos</li> <li>Evacuation Shelter</li> <li>Other, please specification</li> </ul>	s), Name of t community				

- 1. Enumerators will be obliged to visit every village in the selected Upazilas and speak with Key Informants whether or not IDPs exist in the village.
- 2. It is compulsory to interview at least three key informants in each village; if necessary, the number of key informants will be increased based on the population and area of the village.

# **ANNEX - III**

# **HOUSEHOLD LEVEL SURVEY**

# **Disaster Displacement Mapping- HH Survey Tool**

01.	Form Verification	01.1 Checked by	Checked			Uple	oaded		
02.	KOBO Verification	02.1 Verified by	02.2 Date of Verification	d	d	m	m	У	У
03.	Database Input	03.1 Input by	03.2 Date of Input	d	d	m	m	у	У

<b>Preliminar</b>	y Information		
Informed Consent	Hello. My name is I would be grateful if you could spend about 40 minutes to I hour to answer my questions.  This assessment has been designed by the Displacement Management Cluster (DMC) to help improve programs and provide better targeted assistance to your community. This research will help DMC partners better understand the situation of your community and their residents. Our work as researchers is not to provide any direct material assistance but to make sure that your concerns are voiced upwards.  Your personal identifying information will be kept secure, confidential and removed from our dataset. Anonymous results will be shared with humanitarian organizations and published on: https://cccmcluster.org/operations/bangladesh. We encourage all informants to provide their opinions freely. For me to write down an answer, we need the informant of this interview to agree on an answer. Do you want to ask me anything about the interview before you decide to participate?  Have you read out the text above to the respondent? If yes, please select "yes".	1777	Yes No

A. Enumerator Details			
Al. Date of Assessment (dd/mm/yy)	A2. Name of Enumerator	A2.1:	A2.2.
	A3. Sex of Enumerator	OMale O Female O Other	OMale O Female O Other

B Site Description and Location		
BI. District Name	B14. Latitude	
<sup>B2.</sup> Upazila Name	B15. Longitude	
<sup>B3.</sup> Union Name		
<sup>B4.</sup> Ward Number		
B5. Mouza Name		
<sup>B6.</sup> Village Name		
B7. Does this village exist?	O Yes (go to B9)	
	O No (go to B8)	
<sup>B8.</sup> What is the reason? (End Survey)		
<sup>B9.</sup> Is there a mismatch found with the master list?	O Yes (go to BI0)	
	o No	
Village found in field: (Please provide information be	low)	
BIO. Union found in field:		
BII. Mouza found in field:		
B12. Village found in field:		
BI3. What type of living arrangement is this?	o Individual household	
	In a group (with IDPs)	
	In a group (with host community)	
	Evacuation Shelter	
	Other, please specify	

			51 11
Name	Sex	Occupation	Phone Number
HH head:	OMale O Female O Other		1.
Informer:	OMale O Female O Other		I.

C - INFORMATION A	BOUT THE DISPLACED HOUSEHOLI	ns		
CI. What major hazard	☐ Cyclone/Storm, Please specify name/year			
event(s) lead to your	☐ Flood, Please specify name/year			
displacement at this	☐ Riverbank Erosion, Please specify name/y			
village?	☐ Land Slide, Please specify name/year			
	☐ Earthquake, Please specify name/year			
	☐ Flash Flood, Please specify name/year			
	Salinity intrusion, Please specify name/yea			
	☐ Waterlogging due to previous disasters,			
	☐ Other, Please specify	_		
<sup>C2.</sup> What are the major	☐ Destroyed agricultural land	P		
causes of your	<ul> <li>Destroyed shelter due to disaster/specifi</li> <li>Loss of livelihood: equipment, livestock, f</li> </ul>			
displacement at the place of origin (from	<ul> <li>Loss of livelihood: equipment, livestock, f</li> <li>Death of close relatives and associated tr</li> </ul>			
where you came)?	Unsanitary conditions, polluted drinking			
where you came).	☐ Poverty and landlessness	Water		
	☐ Limited emergency shelters in the area to	o take temporary residence.		
	Other, please specify			
C3. Where have you/ your	Within this village			
family come from?	<ul> <li>Other village within this Union, please sp</li> </ul>	ecify which village		
	<ul> <li>Other union within this Upazila, please s</li> </ul>	pecify which union		
		specify which upazilaand		
	Union	of the leaves		
	Other district within this Division, please	e specify which district,		
	Upazila & Union Other (please specify)			
	Don't know			
C4. How long have you	In this village	Total displacement duration		
been displaced?	years	years		
C5. Legal security of tenure a	fter becoming IDPs and currently	,		
	Currently staying	Duration of stay (Years)		
Rented housing	O Yes O No	#		
Lease	O Yes O No	#		
Owner occupied	O Yes O No	#		
Emergency housing and Informal settlement	O Yes O No	#		
Temporary housing in	O Yes O No			
relatives, friends and		#		
family's places				

D - Demographics of Displaced Population					
DI. Total number of displaced individuals in your HH	(Fill in each box with number)	Infants (0-5y)  DI.4 Total: #	Children (6-18y)	Adult (19-59y)  DI.10 Total: #	Elderly (60y+)  DI.13 Total: #
DI.I Total	Male	D1.5:	DI.8:	DI.II:	DI.14:
#	DI.2 Total: #	#	#	#	#
	Female	D1.6:	D1.9:	D1.12:	D1.15:
	D1.3. Total:	#	#	#	#

E - Number of Vulnerable Persons within the household				
EI. Pregnant Women	#	E5. Breastfeeding Mothers	#	
E2. Elderly Persons without care givers	#	E6. Single female headed Households	#	
E3. Single male headed Households	#	E7. Elderly headed Households	#	
E4. Persons with Disability	#	E8. Chronically ill persons	#	

F. Information on Livelihoods	5	
FI. What are the total number of employed and unemployed	Employed	Unemployed (18-59 year olds who are fit to work, excluding housewives and the elderly)
individuals in your HH?	#	#
F2. What were the major	Before displacement	Now
employment sectors of the HH	☐ Agriculture/Forestry	☐ Agriculture/Forestry
members before displacement	☐ Arts, entertainment (including	☐ Arts, entertainment (including
and now? (Select top 3)	performances) and recreation	performances) and recreation
***	☐ Construction (e.g., public, private,	☐ Construction (e.g., public, private,
	brickfield, etc.)	brickfield, etc.)
	☐ Domestic work	☐ Domestic work
	□ Day labour	□ Day labour
	□ Education	☐ Education
	☐ Fishing	☐ Fishing
	☐ Food Processing	☐ Food Processing
	□ Hotels/ Accommodation &	☐ Hotels/ Accommodation &
	Restaurants	Restaurants
	☐ Health and social work activities	☐ Health and social work activities
	☐ Manufacturing/other factory work	☐ Manufacturing/other factory work
	☐ Mining and quarrying	☐ Mining and quarrying
	□ Office work	□ Office work
	□ Public office work (e.g., lawyer,	□ Public office work (e.g., lawyer,
	accountant, financial consultant,	accountant, financial consultant,
	banking, etc.)	banking, etc.)
	□ Other service activities, including	□ Other service activities, including
	washing / (dry-) cleaning of clothes,	washing / (dry-) cleaning of clothes,

	hairdressing and other beauty treatment (e.g., massage parlor)  Tailoring/textiles/garments worker Gold smith, black smith, pottery Electrical and cell phone repair Private/public administrative and support services, including cleaning, landscape care, and other services Repair of motor vehicles & motorcycles Computer/IT/ICT Driver/assistant (tuktuk/taxi/bus/truck) Rickshaw/van-rickshaw puller Wholesale and retail trade and business (e.g., street vendor, small grocery shops, roadside tea, etc.) We do not want to answer Other, please specify	hairdressing and other beauty treatment (e.g., massage parlor)  Tailoring/textiles/garments worker Gold smith, black smith, pottery Electrical and cell phone repair Private/public administrative and support services, including cleaning, landscape care, and other services Repair of motor vehicles & motorcycles Computer/IT/ICT Driver/assistant (tuktuk/taxi/bus/truck) Rickshaw/van-rickshaw puller Wholesale and retail trade and business (e.g., street vendor, small grocery shops, roadside tea, etc.) We do not want to answer Other, please specify
F3. Do you think that there is a significant change in the employment and jobs due to	Strongly Agree     Agree     Undecided	
your displacement?	<ul><li>Disagree</li><li>Strongly Disagree</li></ul>	
F4. Do you think that you or any of your HH members currently	<ul> <li>Strongly Agree</li> </ul>	
in need of livelihood training?	<ul><li>Agree</li><li>Undecided</li></ul>	
-	<ul><li>Disagree</li><li>Strongly Disagree</li></ul>	
F5. If the main earning member	☐ Earning member is active/ No coping	strategies utilized
of your HH is inactive or unemployed or there are no	<ul><li>Eating less</li><li>Spending from savings</li></ul>	
earning member right now,	☐ Getting help from relatives/friends	10 100 21 1001 40 1007
what are the coping strategies		example- food, rent, service charges)
you utilize? (Select top 3)	<ul><li>□ Begging</li><li>□ Selling assets</li></ul>	
	□ Taking Loans	
	☐ Other, please specify	
F6. Current household	o 0-2000	0 12,001-14,000
expenditure/month (BDT):	<ul><li>2001-4000</li><li>4,001 – 6,000</li></ul>	<ul><li>14,001-16,000</li><li>16,001-18,000</li></ul>
	0 6,001 – 8,000	0 18,001-20,000
	o 8,001 – 10,000	<ul> <li>More than 20,000</li> </ul>
57.11 1.11	0 10,001-12,000	Other, please specify
f <sup>7.</sup> Household expenditure /month (BDT) in the place of	<ul><li>0-2000</li><li>2001-4000</li></ul>	<ul><li>12,001-14,000</li><li>14,001-16,000</li></ul>
origin:	<ul><li>4,001 – 6,000</li></ul>	o 16,001-18,000
	o 6,001 – 8,000	o 18,001-20,000
	0 8,001 – 10,000	o More than 20,000
F8. Current household	<ul><li>10,001-12,000</li><li>0-2000</li></ul>	<ul><li>Other, please specify</li><li>12,001-14,000</li></ul>
income/month:	○ 0-2000 ○ 2001-4000	<ul><li>12,001-14,000</li><li>14,001-16,000</li></ul>
	o 4,001 – 6,000	o 16,001-18,000

	0 6,001 – 8,000	0 18,001-20,000
	0 8,001 – 10,000	<ul> <li>More than 20,000</li> </ul>
	o 10,001-12,000	<ul> <li>Other, please specify</li> </ul>
F9. Household income/ month in	o <b>0-2000</b>	0 12,001-14,000
place of origin:	o 2001-4000	o 14,001-16,000
	o 4,001 – 6,000	o 16,001-18,000
	o 6,001 – 8,000	0 18,001-20,000
	0 8,001 – 10,000	<ul> <li>More than 20,000</li> </ul>
	0 10,001-12,000	<ul> <li>Other, please specify</li> </ul>
FIO. Please select top three	In this village	In place of origin
sector of expenditure	☐ Food	□ Food
	☐ House rent	☐ House rent
Hint: Write 1, 2 and 3 to the	☐ Transportation	☐ Transportation
left of the options to indicate	☐ Health Treatment	
the ranks	☐ Education of childs	A Company of the Comp
0.10 1 41.11.0	☐ Other, please	Other, please
	specify	specify
FII. What assets did the you		
lose before coming to this	☐ House	
village?	□ Pond	
Tillage.	☐ Agricultural equip	ment
	☐ Tube well	The state of the s
	☐ Livestock	
	☐ lewelry	
	☐ Furniture	
	☐ Electronic item (ce	all phono/TV/Padio)
	□ No assets lost	eli pilotie/ i v/Kadio)
	Other, please spec	cify
G. Water, Sanitation and Hy		
GI. What is the main source of dr	nking water for your HH?	o Tube well
		o Well
		o Pond
		o Rainwater
		River water
		Bottled Water
		<ul> <li>Supply water</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>PSF (Pond Sand Filter)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Jar water from water treatment plant</li> </ul>
		Others, please specify
GI.I. Do you purify your water bef	ore drinking?	<ul><li>Yes (skip G2, go to G3)</li></ul>
		<ul> <li>No (go to G2, skip G3)</li> </ul>
G2. If the water is not purified befo	ore drinking why?	Can't afford to
in the water is not parmed bere	are drinking, why.	Water is clean enough (no need to purify)
		Do not like the taste after purification
		It is too time consuming/too bothersome
		Other, please specify
G3. If the water is purified before	drinking, how?	Water purifier / filter
parinist parinist		Boiling it
		Use chemicals
		Leave it for a while
		Other, please specify
G4. Do you have to pay for drinking	g water in this village?	Yes, monthly #BDT

90								
The second secon	f water used for other purposes		ube well Vell					
(bathing, washing clothe	s, etc.)!							
		1990 2						
		0 F						
		o River water						
		o Bottled Water						
		0 S	<ul> <li>Supply water</li> </ul>					
		<ul> <li>PSF (Pond Sand Filter)</li> </ul>						
		0 1	<ul> <li>Jar water from water treatment plant</li> </ul>					
			Others, please specify					
	AND TARE							
H. Information on He			Aften Displacement					
HI. Which health	Before displacement		After Displacement					
problems did you face	☐ Jaundice		☐ Jaundice					
before and after	☐ Headache		☐ Headache					
displacement?	☐ High Fever		☐ High Fever					
	□ Malaria		☐ Malaria					
	□ Typhoid		☐ Typhoid					
	☐ Dengue		☐ Dengue					
	Sexual and reproductive heal	th problem	☐ Sexual and reproductive health problem					
	☐ Mental health problems		☐ Mental health problems					
	☐ Diarrhea		□ Diarrhea					
	☐ Hypertension and diabetes		☐ Hypertension and diabetes					
	☐ Physical injury		☐ Physical injury					
	☐ Skin Diseases		Skin Diseases					
	Company of the control of the contro		The contract of the contract o					
	☐ Respiratory Problems		☐ Respiratory Problems					
	□ No problem	■ procings	☐ No problem					
	☐ Do not know/do not remem	ber	☐ Do not know/do not remember					
	☐ Other, please		☐ Other, please					
	specify		specify					
	pearing the expenditure regarding		s (Go to H4, skip H3)					
medical treatment at thi		o No	(Go to H3, skip H4)					
H3. If no, how do you	□ Taking loan							
bear the cost of	☐ Selling asset							
medical treatment?	<ul> <li>Taking help from governm</li> </ul>	nent/NGO						
	<ul> <li>Taking help from friends/r</li> </ul>	elatives/neighbors						
	□ Not availing medical service							
	1-34 /A 7-47 (A-2)	ne/cheaper options (such as ayurvedic medicine,						
		isiting "quack doctors", etc.)						
	☐ Other, please specify	Jiem's quaen	doctors, etc.)					
H4. Where do	Public hospital							
you/your HH	<ul> <li>Private clinic/hospital</li> </ul>							
members generally go	And the second s							
for treatment?	Homeopath	,,,,						
	Ayurvedic medicine ("kobi							
	<ul> <li>Quack doctor/village 'doc</li> </ul>	tor' without	formal medical education					
	<ul> <li>Visit a pharmacy</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Don't go anywhere because</li> </ul>	se cannot aff	ord					
	<ul> <li>Other, please specify</li> </ul>							
H5. What is the quality	<ul> <li>Very good</li> </ul>							
of the health	<ul><li>Good</li></ul>							
treatment you get in	<ul> <li>Moderate</li> </ul>							
the above-mentioned	o Bad							

Very bad

health center?

I. Housing and Utilities							
II. Do you have electricity connection in	Yes (Go to II.I)						
your HH?	No (Go to 12.)     National Gridline						
II.I. What is the source of the electricity							
for your HH?	o Irregular Connection (side line)						
	Generator						
	Solar panel     Other, please specify						
II.2. Do you have to pay for electricity?	Yes, monthly #	BDT					
Do you have to pay for electricity:	• No						
12. What is the main source of your	o Wood						
cooking fuel?	Straw/shrub/grass						
cooking ruci:	O Coal/charcoal						
	o Kerosine stove						
	LPG (Liquefied petroleum gas) (	Cylinder					
	Gas pipeline	,					
13. What is the main construction	Walls of houses	Roofs of houses					
material of the walls and roof of your	o Wood	o Wood					
housing?	<ul> <li>Tin/ CI sheet Roofing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tin/ CI sheet Roofing</li> </ul>					
	Clay Tiles	Clay Tiles					
	Plastic Paper (Tarpaulin)     Plastic Paper (Tarpaulin)						
	Brick/concrete     Brick/concrete						
	○ Thatched ○ Thatched						
	Soil or Mud     Soil or Mud						
	Other, please     Other, please specify						
	specify						

J. Protection and Gender Issues		
JI. Are there any separate bathing areas available for your	0	Yes- Private
household?	0	Yes- Shared
	0	No (Go to J2., skip J1.1-J1.4)
Ji.i. What is the type of bathing area?	0	Tube well
	0	Pond
	0	River
	0	Ditch
	0	Supply water
	0	Any space (water is brought from any of
		the above sources)
J1.2. Are there separate bathing facilities for men and women?	0	Yes
•	0	No
<sup>J1.3.</sup> Do the bathing facilities have doors with locks to provide	0	Yes
privacy and security for women and children?	0	No
JI.4. Are there any bathing facilities specially designed for persons	0	Yes
with disabilities?	0	No
J2. Are there any latrines available for your HH?	0	Yes – Private
,	0	Yes - Shared
	0	No (Go to J3., skip J2.1J1.7.)
J2.1. If yes, how many are available?	#	
J2.2. If yes, then how many households share each latrine? (including		
this one)	#	<u> </u>

J2.3. What is the type of latrine?				<ul> <li>Kuccha (with ring)</li> <li>Pucca (with ring and brick built)</li> <li>Open ditch (no ring)</li> </ul>					
				<ul><li>Open ditch (no ring)</li><li>Other, please specify</li></ul>					
J2.4. What is the condition of the latrine?				Hygienic     Unhygienic					
J2.5. Are there separate latrines for n	nen and wome	en?			o Yes				
J2.6. Do the latrines have doors with	locks to prov	ide pri	vacy and		o Yes				
security for women and children?					o No				
J2.7. Are there any latrines specially of disabilities?	lesigned for pe	ersons	with	o Yes o No					
J3. If no, what does your household	use)				Open defecation at random	snots			
7 II 110, What does your household	u3C.				<ul> <li>Open defecation at a specific</li> </ul>				
					Other, please specify	орос			
J4. Please rate the sense of security a	and privacy wh	nen usi	ng the bathir	ng a					
J4.1. Bathing facilities									
Very Unsafe	o Unsafe			0	Moderate o Safe o Very	/ Safe			
J4.2. Latrine facilities									
Very Unsafe	o Unsafe			0	Moderate o Safe o Very	/ Safe			
J5. Please rate the general sense of s	ecurity and sa	fety in	this area for	wo	men and children				
<ul> <li>Very Unsafe</li> </ul>	o Unsafe			0	Moderate o Safe o Very	/ Safe			
J5.1. What types of challenges exist in	n terms of safe	ety and	security at		☐ Gender based violence				
this area?					<ul><li>☐ Theft/robbery</li><li>☐ Violence</li></ul>				
					☐ Drug abuse				
					☐ No challenges				
					☐ Other, please specify				
J <sup>5.2.</sup> Are there any lights available after	er sunset?		o Ye	s					
			o No	)					
K A									
K. Access to Services and Supp	No Anna Na	ı							
KI. Have you received any support s came to the area?	ince you		Yes No						
KI.I. If yes, from whom?			Governm	ent					
ii yes, iroin whom:			NGOs	iciic					
			Commun	itv r	people				
		100	Don't kn						
KI.I.I. If from NGO, specify which, an	nd provide	NGC	) I Name:		-				
any contact information if available.		Contact person n			E				
		Contact Number:							
		NGO 2 Name:			2				
		Contact person name:			::				
		Contact Number:							
		NGC	3 Name:						
			act person n		::				
			act Number	:	-				

K1.2. What was the type of support?	Cash, if yes, how much was provided in total?  Food Clothing Training Livelihood materials (fishing nets, seedlings, etc.) Tents/building materials Tube well Latrine Livestock Water tank Other NFIs (non-food items)					
K2. Is there any government safety net pro	Other, please specify gramme for OYes					
you/your HH members in this village?	o No					
K2.1. If yes, please specify which one(s).	□ Old Age Allowance					
	☐ Allowances for the Widow, Deserted and Destitute Women					
	☐ Allowances for the Financially Insolvent Disabled					
	☐ Program for Improving the Livelihood of Transgender, Bede and					
	Disadvantaged Community					
	☐ Vulnerable Group Development					
	☐ Maternity Allowance Program for the Poor Lactating Mothers					
	☐ Vulnerable Group Feeding (VGF)					
	Gratuitous Relief (Food)					
	□ Work For Money (WFM)					
	☐ Test Relief (TR) (Cash)					
	☐ EGPP					
	☐ Open Market Sales (OMS)					
	☐ Food friendly Program ☐ Relief Works (Flood, Drought, Cyclone and Others)					
	☐ Assistance for Working Lactating Mothers					
	☐ Honorarium for Freedom Fighter Heroes					
	☐ Food Subsidy (Others)					
	☐ Honorarium and Medical Allowances for Injured Freedom Fighter					
	Heroes					
	☐ Other, please specify					
K3. Have you/ your family lost access to ar						
programmes after displacement? (i.e. they	had it ONO					
before but lost it due to displacement)						
K.3.1. If yes, please specify which one(s).	□ Old Age Allowance					
	☐ Allowances for the Widow, Deserted and Destitute Women					
	☐ Allowances for the Financially Insolvent Disabled					
	☐ Program for Improving the Livelihood of Transgender, Bede and					
	Disadvantaged Community					
	☐ Vulnerable Group Development					
	☐ Maternity Allowance Program for the Poor Lactating Mothers					
	☐ Vulnerable Group Feeding (VGF)					
	☐ Gratuitous Relief (Food)					
	□ Work For Money (WFM)					
	☐ Test Relief (TR) (Cash)☐ EGPP					
	□ EGPP					

<ul> <li>□ Open Market Sales (OMS)</li> <li>□ Food friendly Program</li> <li>□ Relief Works (Flood, Drought, Cyclone and Others)</li> <li>□ Assistance for Working Lactating Mothers</li> <li>□ Honorarium for Freedom Fighter Heroes</li> <li>□ Food Subsidy (Others)</li> <li>□ Honorarium and Medical Allowances for Injured Freedom Fighter Heroes</li> </ul>						ıter		
Other, please specify								
L. Key challenges and need	S							
L. Key challenges and needs    What are the key challenges faced since you arrival in this village?								
L2. What is your scale of need	Food	Scale:	Shelter	Scale:	NFI (Non- Food Items)	Scale:	Water	Scale:
for required response?	Trocector (or an example							Scale:
SCALE: * I – No significant need 4 – Severe need		2 – Some need 3 – Needed 5 – Extreme need						

L3. What are the key needs? (Se	lect top 3)	□ Cooking stoves     □ Pure drinking water     □ Improved sanitation     □ Access to livelihood tr:     □ Access to education     □ Improved shelters     □ Improved access to he:     □ Better markets/market     □ A stronger governmen     □ Enhance road connecti     □ Better waste managem     □ Other, please specify	althcare eplaces t presence vity				
M - Sustainable reintegration	on						
M - Sustainable reintegration MI. Where are you planning	<ul> <li>Stay at the same lo</li> </ul>	cation					
to move?	Returning to origin						
	Rebuild home in no						
Note: Go to next section if	<ul> <li>Relatives house</li> </ul>						
answer is stay at the same	<ul> <li>Move to urban loc</li> </ul>	ation					
location.	<ul> <li>Move to governme</li> </ul>	ent reside location					
	Others (specify)						
M2. What are your barriers to	☐ No one left in the						
return?	□ No assets left in the place of origin						
	☐ They have to face money lenders in the place of origin						
		pportunities in the place of origi	n				
	☐ Other, please spec	ify					
N – Durable solutions							
Safety and security							
	f residence, how would you	rate your sense of safety from n	natural disasters and the				
	<del>-</del>	তিক দুর্যোগ এবং জলবায়ু পরিবর্তনের প্রভাব থে					
করবেন?)	<i>5.</i> 5 <b>€</b>	• •					
O Very Bad O Bad			Very Good				
		nd security in your current place					
the support and protection	provided by local authoritie	es or the host community? (বৰ্তমান	বসবাসের জায়গায় আপনার সামাজিক				
নিরাপত্তার অনুভূতিকে কীভাবে মূল্যায়ন	করবেন?)						
○ Very Bad ○ Bad ○ Moderate ○ Good ○ Very Good							
O Very Bad O Bad		te Good	Very Good				
	o Modera	te OGood er risk reduction measures imple					
NI.3. How would you rate th	o Modera		emented in your place of				
NI.3. How would you rate th	০ Modera ne effectiveness of the disast ছন সেখানে স বাস্তবায়িত দুর্যোগ ঝুঁকি হ্রা	er risk reduction measures imple স ব্যবস্থার কার্যকারিতাকে আপনি কীভাবে মূল্যায়	emented in your place of				
NI.3. How would you rate th origin? (আপনি যে স্থান থেকে এসেয়ে	০ Modera e effectiveness of the disast ছন সেখানে স বাস্তবায়িত দুৰ্যোগ কুঁকি হ্ৰা	er risk reduction measures imple স ব্যবস্থার কার্যকারিতাকে আপনি কীভাবে মূল্যায়	emented in your place of য়ন করবেন?)				
NI.3. How would you rate th origin? (আপনি যে স্থান থেকে এসেয়ে ০ Very Bad ০ Bad Standard of living	০ Modera ne effectiveness of the disast ছন সেখানে স বাস্তবায়িত দুর্যোগ ঝুঁকি হ্রা ০ Modera	er risk reduction measures imple স ব্যবস্থার কার্যকারিতাকে আপনি কীভাবে মূল্যাঃ ite   ০ Good	emented in your place of হান করবেন?) ০ Very Good				
NI.3. How would you rate th origin? (আপনি যে স্থান থেকে এসেরে	০ Modera ne effectiveness of the disast ছন সেখানে স বাস্তবায়িত দুর্যোগ ঝুঁকি হ্রা ০ Modera our access to adequate drink	er risk reduction measures imple স ব্যবস্থার কার্যকারিতাকে আপনি কীভাবে মূল্যায়	emented in your place of हान कंदरनः?) ○ Very Good your area of residence?				
NI.3. How would you rate th origin? (আপনি যে স্থান থেকে এসেরে	Modera e effectiveness of the disast ছন সেখানে স বাস্তবায়িত দুর্যোগ ঝুঁকি হ্রা      Modera  o Modera  our access to adequate drink গ্রিপ্ত পানীয় জল এবং প্রয়োজনীয় খাবারের	er risk reduction measures imple স ব্যবস্থার কার্যকারিতাকে আপনি কীভাবে মূল্যাঃ te	emented in your place of हान कंदरनः?) ○ Very Good your area of residence?				
NI.3. How would you rate th origin? (আপনি যে স্থান থেকে এসেরে      Very Bad	o Modera e effectiveness of the disast ছন সেখানে স বাস্তবায়িত দুর্যোগ ঝুঁকি হ্রা o Modera  our access to adequate drinh গ্রেপানীয় জল এবং প্রয়োজনীয় খাবারের o Modera	er risk reduction measures imple স ব্যবস্থার কার্যকারিতাকে আপনি কীভাবে মূল্যাঃ te	emented in your place of হান করবেন?)  ○ Very Good  your area of residence? বন?)  ○ Very Good				
NI.3. How would you rate th origin? (আপনি যে স্থান থেকে এসেরে      Very Bad	o Modera e effectiveness of the disast ছন সেখানে স বাস্তবায়িত দুর্যোগ ঝুঁকি হ্রা o Modera  our access to adequate drinh গ্রেপানীয় জল এবং প্রয়োজনীয় খাবারের o Modera	er risk reduction measures imple স ব্যবস্থার কার্যকারিতাকে আপনি কীভাবে মূল্যাঃ ite	emented in your place of হান করবেন?)  ○ Very Good  your area of residence? বন?)  ○ Very Good				

	N2.3. How would yo	ou rate your access to h	ealth	y sanitation facility?	[স্বাস্থ্য	কর স্যানিটেশন ব্যাবস্থা আপনি	ন কীভা	বে মূল্যায়ন করবেন?			
	(গোসল ও ল্যাট্রিন সুবিধা)]	,		, ,	• .			~ "			
0	Very Bad	o Bad	0	Moderate	0	Good	0	Very Good			
	N2.4. How would yo	ou rate the accessibility	of pr	imary school educat	tion f	or your family mem	bers				
	সদস্যদের জন্য প্রাথমিক বি	দ্যালয়ের শিক্ষার সুযোগ সুবিধাকে	আপনি	কীভাবে মূল্যায়ন করবেন?)				*			
0	Very Bad	o Bad	0	Moderate	0	Good	0	Very Good			
Liv	elihood and emp	loyment					*				
	N3.1. How would you rate your access to employment opportunities and economic activities in comparison to the host community? (হোস্ট সম্প্রদায়ের তুলনায় কর্মসংস্থানের সুযোগ এবং অর্থনৈতিক কর্মকাণ্ডে আপনার সুযোগ সুবিধাকে আপনি কীভাবে মূল্যায়ন করবেন?)										
	*		100		-		_				
0	Very Bad	o Bad	0	Moderate	0	Good	0	Very Good			
		ou rate your access to e cement? (বাস্তুচ্যুত হওয়ার আ									
	সুযোগ সুবিধাকে মূল্যায়ন ব	·	,শন শাশ	द्यंत्र पूर्णमात्र, खनम नगणादन	MI TIP	। जारानात्र राजियादत्रत्र रहनश्र इ	14 611	जनाना जन नन्ननाद			
				M	Т.	<u> </u>		V C I			
	Very Bad	o Bad ing, land and propert	o tv	Moderate	0	Good	0	Very Good			
IXC		ou rate your access to s		rt in resolving housi	inσ la	and and property di	SDUITE	es related to your			
	displacement? (আপ	নার স্থানচ্যুতি সম্পর্কিত আবাসন, «	জমি এব	ং সম্পত্তি সংক্রান্ত যেকোনো	ধরণের	াবি, য়াবি চা উচ্চা স্ব বিরোধ সমাধানে সহায়তার খ	জন্য আ	পনার সুযোগ সুবিধাকে			
	আপনি কীভাবে মূল্যায়ন ক	33 ( <del>53</del> )						~ ~			
0	Very Bad	o Bad	0	Moderate	0	Good	0	Very Good			
		ou rate your access to a									
		, স্থানে আপনার সুযোগ সুবিধাকে কী						•			
0	Very Bad	o Bad	0	Moderate	To	Good	То	Very Good			
	N4.3. How would yo	ou rate your access to s	ирро	rt programs (includ	ing a	ccess to loans) to re		e or improve			
	housing, land or property in comparison to the host community? (হোস্ট সম্প্রদায়ের তুলনায় আবাসন, জমি বা সম্পত্তি পুনরুদ্ধার বা উন্নত										
	করার জন্য সহায়তা প্রোগ্রা	মগুলিতে (ঋণ সুবিধা সহ) আপনার	সুযোগ	সুবিধাকে আপনি কীভাবে মূ	ল্যায়ন :	করবেন?)		***			
0	Very Bad	o Bad	0	Moderate	0	Good	0	Very Good			
Ac	cess to documen				~						
		rate your access to ob									
		or other personal doc									
		পত্র, ভোটার শনাক্তকরণ কার্ড বা ত			_		_	75			
0	Very Bad	o Bad	0	Moderate	0	Good	0	Very Good			
га	mily reunification	ı rate your access to re	unito	with your family m	ombo	ers in the host comp	nunit	<b>ে (দেহোঁ</b> হোর কারণে			
		, race your access to re নুনরায় মিলিত হওয়ার জন্য বিদ্যমান				ers in the nost com	nunn	A: (Jealean anne			
	Very Bad		To	Moderate	0	Good	Го	Var. Caad			
O Pa	rticipation in pub	o Bad lic affairs	0	Moderate	10	Good	0	Very Good			
ı a		rate your access to vo	ting.	being elected or wo	orkin	g in public service in	com	parison to the			
		হোস্ট সম্প্রদায়ের তুলনায় আপনি									
	অংশীদার হওয়ার সুযোগ <i>ে</i>	ক আপনি কিভাবে মূল্যায়ন করবেন	?)								
0	Very Bad	o Bad	0	Moderate	0	Good	0	Very Good			
Re	emarks:										
		W-97	2 20	- W 00	10						

Thank you for your participation.