



Outside camps ——			Integrated with host community	Host community locations include those areas where displaced populations have self-settled within a host community and are integrated with them. This includes displaced populations either sharing land/shelters with the host community or using land within an existing settlement to build their own shelters. Displaced populations integrated with host communities are not a target for the South Sudan CCCM Cluster.
			Planned camps: Formal IDP sites	Planned camps are formally established areas, set up for the purpose of hosting IDPs. All former POCs are also included in this typology.
Camps & Camp Like Settings	Formal		Planned camps: <b>PoC Site</b>	Protection of Civilians (PoC) sites were areas within a base of the United Nations Mission in South Sudan (UNMISS), where the IDP population had sought physical safety as a result of the armed conflict that started in December 2013. All POCs have been redesignated with 1 exception: Malakal is the only remaining PoC in South Sudan.
	E		Transit centers	Transit centers are traditionally established to hold a population for a limited amount of time (days/weeks) while transiting to another location. They can provide an opportunity for ensuring the welfare of an affected population, allow time to build a deeper understanding of needs and intentions as well as understanding population circumstances more fully. The only Transit Centers currently existing in South Sudan are those set up specifically for the Sudan emergency response, since end-April 2023.
			Reception centres	Reception centres include sites which are set up to receive new arrivals prior to them settling in other sites. They are typically used to identify, register and provide initial assistance and information to the arriving population. The only Reception Centers currently existing in South Sudan are those set up at the main border- crossing points along the border with Sudan, specifically for the Sudan emergency response, since end-April 2023.
	Informal		Self-settled sites	Self-settled informal sites refer to areas where IDPs have self-settled in an area spontaneously following displacement. These differ from host community locations as IDP populations have predominantly established themselves either in an area with no host community or in a separate area to the existing community and have not fully integrated with them.
			Collective centres	Collective centers are where the displaced populations are being hosted in pre-existing mostly non-functional buildings which were not originally designed as shelter. Examples of such buildings include unfinished or abandoned buildings, schools, houses of worship, barracks, community halls, sports facilities etc.